Test Your Vocabulary 2 is the second in a series of five best-selling Test Your Vocabulary books. This fully revised and updated edition features 60 varied and enjoyable vocabulary tests covering the most important words and phrases needed by pre-intermediate level students:

- 60 tests for practising essential vocabulary at pre-intermediate level
- Wide variety of tests, including crosswords, cartoons, fill-the-gaps, and many more
- Tips on learning vocabulary
- A-Z word list and full answer key
- Ideal for self-study and classroom use

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Also look out for:

- Test Your Vocabulary 1
- Test Your Vocabulary 3
- Test Your Vocabulary 4
- Test Your Vocabulary 5

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To the student

This book will help you to learn new English words while having fun at the same time. Many of the tests use pictures - such as the tests on the things in the house, fruit and vegetables, sports, clothes and places in town. Others are based on word types - for example, verbs, adjectives and prepositions. There are also tests on pairs of words that go together, opposites, and words that people often mix up. Use the contents list to find the right test for you. Or go through the book and choose one that looks interesting or has drawings that you like. So if you feel like doing a crossword, choose a crossword. If you feel like looking at cartoons, try one of the Phrases tests where you match words to a picture. If a test is fun to do, this is one of the best ways of learning new words fast. There's no need to start at the beginning and work through every test in the book. The tests at the end are no more difficult than the ones at the beginning.

There are tip boxes on nearly every page. They will give you extra help and information. They will also give you ideas on how to learn new words.

To really learn a new word, you will need to do each test more than once. So use a pencil to write the answers in the book when you test yourself. Then, check your answers and look carefully at the words you didn't know or got wrong. Finally, rub out your answers ready for the next time you try that test. Each test will take you between five and fifteen minutes the first time you do it, but the next time you will probably be much quicker.

The tests in this book do not get harder as you go from Test 1 to Test 60. However, the five books in the Test Your Vocabulary series are carefully graded from Book 1 (for beginners) to Book 5, which is for advanced students. If you find this book is too easy, try the next one up. If you find it is too hard, try the next one down.

Good luck with learning the words in this book. And we hope that you will enjoy using the words in real situations once you've learnt them here.

Peter Watcyn-Jones and Olivia Johnston

---

1 In the kitchen

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

1. bowl
2. bread board
3. cloth
4. corkscrew
5. electric kettle
6. frying pan
7. jug
8. mug
9. saucepan
10. tea towel
11. tin opener
12. toaster

- In English we can often put two nouns together to make compound nouns like bread board and tin opener. Sometimes the two nouns are written as one word like saucepan and corkscrew.
- In British English the cloth that we use for drying dishes is a tea towel. In American English, it's a dish cloth.
2 Adjectives with the same meaning

Find words with the same meaning in the wordsquare (→ ↓ ← ↑) and write them down.

1 wonderful  fantastic 9 cheap
2 awful ___ 10 sad ___
3 weird ___ 11 exciting ___
4 enormous ___ 12 unattractive ___
5 good-looking ___ 13 rich ___
6 uninteresting ___ 14 angry ___
7 impolite ___ 15 frightening ___

3 In the garden

Write the numbers 1 to 14 next to the correct words.

apple tree 4 garage ___
back door ___ ladder ___
balcony ___ lawn ___
bins ___ leaves ___
chimney ___ path ___
fence ___ pool ___
front door ___ steps ___

To form the opposite of some adjectives, we can put a prefix in front of them. The prefix un- is the commonest one meaning not, for example unattractive, uninteresting, unintelligent, unpopular. The prefix im- also means not. It is less common than un- and it can only go in front of words that begin with m or p, for example impolite, impossible and immoral.
In the study

Write the numbers 1 to 14 next to the correct words.

biro 4
calculator 7
calendar 8
desk 9
diary 10
filing cabinet 11
paper 12
fountain pen 13
pencil 14
pencil sharpener
rubber
ruler
scissors
stapler

- Another word for a biro is a ballpoint. The word biro comes from the name of the man who invented the first ballpoint pen in 1938, the Hungarian Lázló Biró. Lázló's biros became very popular with pilots because they worked well at high altitudes.

- There are other English words that come from the names of inventors. The word sandwich is probably the most famous one. The sandwich was invented in 1762 by the Earl of Sandwich. In 1762 he put a piece of cooked meat between two slices of bread so that he could carry on playing cards while he was eating.
5 Things to buy

Write the correct phrase from the box under each picture.

- a bag of
- a bar of
- a bottle of
- a box of
- a bunch of
- a carton of
- a dozen
- a jar of
- a loaf of
- a packet of
- a pot of
- a roll of
- a tin of
- a tub of
- a tube of

1. **a tube of**
   - toothpaste
2. **jam**
3. **tomatoes**
4. **flowers**
5. **eggs**
6. **olive oil**
7. **matches**
8. **chocolate**
9. **bread**
10. **biscuits**
11. **orange juice**
12. **yoghurt**
13. **doughnuts**
14. **toilet paper**
15. **popcorn**

- In British English we use the word can for drinks: a can of beer / cola / lemonade. We use the word tin for food: a tin of tomatoes / beans / apricots. In American English the word can is used for food and drinks.
- We don't just use the word bar with chocolate. We also use it with soap.
- In formal situations, we talk about a bouquet of flowers, not a bunch. As she came off the plane, the president was given a bouquet of flowers.
6 Phrases 1

Match the words to the pictures. Write the letters a to h in the balloons.

a. Don’t worry, I won’t.
b. Thanks, I’ll need it.
c. Same to you.
d. Sure. What’s the problem?
e. I’m bored.
f. Me too.
g. Nor do I.
h. I’m afraid I’m using it.

- The expression *Me too* and *Me neither* are slightly less formal ways of saying *So am I / So do I* and *Nor am I / Nor do I*. They only exist in the first person singular. We can’t, for example, say *He too* or *He neither*. The negative form *Me neither* is less common than the positive form *Me too*.
- The expression *Same to you* is short for *The same to you*. 
7 Bedroom things

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

alarm clock
bed
blanket
chest of drawers
curtains
drawer
duvet
mattress
mirror
pillow
sheet
wardrobe

---

- The word duvet is French. There are other French words that have become part of the English language, for example café, restaurant, garage, bouquet and menu. How many foreign words can you think of that have become part of your language?

- A word-web is a useful way of recording new words. Choose a subject that you like and write one word in the middle of a big piece of paper. Which words in English or your own language come into your head? Use a dictionary to build up your web. Here is an example of a word-web based on the word house.
Family life

A Read Heidi's words and write the names of the people on the family tree.

My name's Heidi. I'm married to Kerim. We have two children, Aisha and Leila. My mum, Wendy, died when I was a teenager. My dad, Keith, got married to Katrina fourteen years ago. I've got one sister, Gina, and one brother, Andy. Gina's married to Jean-Claude, who's French. They've got a little girl called Julie and a boy of twelve called Michael. My brother Andy was married to a girl called Caroline but they got divorced. Luckily they didn't have my children. Now he's married to a girl called Susanna.

B What do they all say about family life? Choose the correct word for each gap.

- aunt
- brother-in-law
- cousins
- daughter-in-law
- ex-wife
- father-in-law
- grandparents
- husband
- sister-in-law
- son-in-law
- stepmother
- uncle
- wife

Kerim: My (1) father-in-law Keith is really nice. We're partners in a computer software company.

Aisha: My (2) ________ Gina is really bossy. She always makes me eat everything on my plate.

Leila: My (3) ________ Andy should get divorced again. I don't like his wife, Susanna.

Heidi: I like my (4) ________ Katrina very much. She's like a real mother to me.

Keith: My (5) ________ Kerim, is a really reliable person. I couldn't manage the business without him.

Gina: I don't get on very well with my (6) ________ Susanna. I get on much better with Andy's (7) ________ Caroline.

Jean-Claude: My (8) ________ Andy is a really nice guy but I don't like his (9) ________ Susanna very much. She complains about everything.

Julie: My (10) ________ Aisha and Leila are coming on holiday with us next summer. We're going to rent a big house in the south of France.

Michael: I'm trying to teach my (11) ________ Keith and Katrina to speak French. They're really slow!

Susanna: My (12) ________ Andy prefers his sisters to me.

Keith: I get on well with everyone in the family. Well, nearly everyone.

I have a problem with my (13) ________ Susanna.

The plural of sister-in-law and brother-in-law is sisters-in-law and brothers-in-law.
9 Jobs

Complete the sentences with the correct words from the box.

accountant architect camerawoman carpenter disc jockey
flight attendant journalist librarian mechanic plumber
presenter sales rep sound engineer tour guide traffic warden

Everyone in my family works really hard.

1. At the moment, my father is designing a hospital. He's an architect.

2. My mother is on a plane somewhere above the Atlantic Ocean. She's not on a business trip or on holiday. She's a ____________.

3. My sister Marsha is asleep at the moment but she was playing records at a radio station all last night. She's a ____________.

4. My brother Dave makes kitchen cupboards and dining room tables. He's a ____________.

5. My brother Frank is probably putting a ticket on a car. That ticket means somebody has to pay a fine. Frank is a ____________.

6. My other brother, Andrew, is mending somebody's hot water system. He's a ____________.

7. My aunt Luisa counts up other people's money. She tells people how much tax they need to pay. She's an ____________.

8. My uncle Martin is probably putting books back on a shelf. He's a ____________.

9. My cousin Luigi is fixing somebody's car. He's a ____________.

10. My cousin Annabel works for a make-up company. She's trying to sell their products in Frankfurt this week. She's a ____________.

11. My aunt Sue is working with a film crew in Africa. She operates the camera. She's a ____________.

12. My uncle Tim is working with the same film crew. He has to record the voices and sounds. He's a ____________.

13. Everyone recognizes my cousin Lucy when she goes to the supermarket. She's a TV ____________.

14. My cousin Carol is interviewing a politician today. She works for a newspaper. She's a ____________.

15. I've got to take a group of tourists round London later today. I'm a ____________.

- The phrase sales rep is short for sales representative. The short form is much commoner.
- There are several words for a person who teaches: teacher, instructor and coach. We say a maths / language teacher, a driving instructor and a tennis / football coach.
10 Verbs and nouns 1

A Match the verbs to the nouns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verbs</th>
<th>Nouns</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>boil</td>
<td>a hole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dial</td>
<td>a TV programme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dig</td>
<td>a video</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>feed</td>
<td>some water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pour</td>
<td>the coffee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>record</td>
<td>the dog</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rent</td>
<td>the number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tear</td>
<td>the plants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tidy</td>
<td>the room</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>water</td>
<td>your jeans</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B Complete each sentence with the correct verb + noun.

1 I’m going to make some pasta. First I need to boil some water.
2 Be careful or you’ll spill some water on the nail in that fence.
3 Can you open a new box? He’s looking hungry.
4 Can you open a new box? Or would you prefer tea?
5 I always forget to buy a new box and then they suddenly die.
6 If we’re going to plant that tree, we need to buy a new box first.
7 I’m going out tonight. Can you open a new box for me? It’s on Channel 4 at eight o’clock.
8 I’m having some friends round tonight. I must buy a new box. It’s in a terrible mess.
9 There’s nothing good on TV tonight. Let’s open a new box.
10 We have to call Lisa. My hands are wet. Can you open a new box?

The verb rent has two meanings:
- to pay money to use something. 
  *I need to rent a car this weekend so I can drive to Wales.*
- to lend something in return for money. *She rents rooms to students.*

11 Let’s get technical

Complete the sentences with the correct words from the box.

answerphone click floppy drive floppy disk e-mail fax Internet printer program recharge screen

1 Could you print another copy of this letter. I want to keep one and give one to Steve.
2 My e-mail address is lucyjoffe@hotshots.co.uk.
3 Tina’s got a good computer program which teaches you to type in ten lessons.
4 You can find some really cheap air tickets on the Internet.
5 If you look at a computer screen all day, your eyes get tired.
6 I’ve got a colour screen. It’s very fast and can print up to ten pages a minute.
7 Put the floppy disk in the computer and save your work on it.
8 Move the mouse slowly on the mat and click on the left button.
9 This mobile phone isn’t working. I need to recharge it.
10 I’m going to draw a map and programme it to Selina. She’s coming here this afternoon and she doesn’t know the way.
11 Martin wasn’t in so I left a message on his answerphone.

- The words program and programme both exist in British English. The form program is used for computers, while the form programme is used for TV. In American English, there is only one form: program.
- The spelling of disk with a k, is only used for computer disks. The word is spelt with a c when it refers to music, for example compact disc, disc jockey.
12 Around the house

Match the things that go together. Draw lines from each word on the left to the correct word on the right.

- cup ________ 2 ________ batteries ________
- saucepan ________ ________ brush ________
- torch ________ ________ saucer ________
- paint ________ ________ nail ________
- hammer ________ ________ top ________
- needle ________ ________ thread ________
- hot water bottle ________

The word brush can be used with another noun to show what the brush is used for: paint brush, hairbrush, toothbrush, clothes brush, make-up brush.
13 Verbs: saying

Write the missing verbs in the sentences below. Choose from the following:

agree argue decide describe discuss explain
guess introduce promise pronounce refuse repeat
reply suggest thank

1. What shall I buy Linda for her birthday: a CD or a book? I can't ____________.

2. Can you ____________ the man who stole your bag?

3. ‘How old are you?’
   ‘I'm not telling. You'll have to ____________.’

4. Don't ____________ this to anyone. I don't want anyone else to know.

5. How can I ____________ you for all your kindness?

6. I ____________ we go to the Picasso exhibition this morning and have lunch at the art gallery.

7. I don't understand this chemistry. Can you ____________ it to me?

8. I felt sorry for her and when she asked me to help her, I couldn't ____________.

9. I usually ____________ with Jim about films and books. We like the same sort of things.

10. In class we sometimes ____________ politics and big news stories.

11. Please ____________ you won't tell anyone else. It's a secret between us.

12. They often ____________ about money because he says she spends too much.

13. They want an answer to their questions. We have to ____________ to their letter this week.

14. When you come to New York, I'll ____________ you to all my friends.

15. You don't ____________ the b in the word thumb.

There are several ways of remembering the meaning of new words. You can write a translation, draw a picture, write an example sentence using the word, write an explanation in English or your own language. On this page, you will learn the meanings of the verbs from the example sentences. You may also be able to write a translation into your own language of some of the verbs.
14 Money

Complete the sentences with the correct verbs in the Past Simple.

- cost
- count
- earn
- find
- hide
- lose
- make
- pay
- save
- steal

1. This company **made** a profit of £25 million last year.

2. I **found** £3 million from the bank.

3. I **hid** up all my pocket money to buy these.

4. I **found** the money under this tree.

5. It only **cost** £3,000.

6. I **spent** £250,000 last year.

7. I **stole** £5 in the street.

8. When I **found** it yesterday, there was more.

9. I **paid** £40 for this haircut.

10. I **saved** all my money in Las Vegas.

In this test, all the words you have to write in the gaps are verbs. Try making a money word-web that uses verbs, nouns and adjectives. You can include the verbs from this test. Start like this.
15 Prepositions of movement

Write the missing prepositions in the sentences below.

1. I watched the schoolchildren walking ______ past ______ my house on their way to school.
   a) from  
   b) past  
   c) along

2. The two boys ran ______ the road.
   a) opposite  
   b) against  
   c) across

3. She put the hat ______ her wardrobe.
   a) on top of  
   b) over  
   c) through

4. They spent the day walking ______ the river bank.
   a) across  
   b) above  
   c) along

5. The helicopter flew ______ the town and we saw people in their gardens.
   a) on top of  
   b) along  
   c) over

6. The leopard moved slowly ______ the long grass.
   a) through  
   b) between  
   c) inside

7. The old man fell ______ bed and hurt his arm.
   a) away from  
   b) in front of  
   c) out of

8. I heard the police officer say, ‘Move away ______ the car.’
   a) of  
   b) from  
   c) out

9. We drove ______ the castle gates.
   a) between  
   b) into  
   c) through

10. The frog jumped out of the lake ______ a stone near my foot.
    a) on top of  
    b) above  
    c) onto

11. I waved at her and she walked ______ me slowly smiling.
    a) towards  
    b) near  
    c) between

12. They were tired after running ______ the field three times.
    a) over  
    b) near  
    c) round

Drawing pictures is a good way of remembering the meaning of prepositions. The pictures can be quite simple. For example:
16 In the town

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

art gallery
department store
factory
market
pavement
pedestrian crossing
roundabout
sea front
shopping mall
tourist information
town hall
underground station

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12

- In London, the underground is often called the tube. People say: “Where is the nearest tube station?” “Can we get there by tube?” “What time is the last tube?”
- In New York, the subway is the equivalent of the London Underground. In Washington DC, it is called the Metro.
17 In the living room

Write the numbers 1 to 16 next to the correct words.

armchair
blind
cushion
fireplace
fruit bowl
lamp
music system
painting
piano
remote control
shelves
sofa
speakers
table mat
TV
video recorder
Choose the word to best complete each sentence.

1. When you pay for something, you usually get a ______.  
   a) recipe  b) receipt  c) bill

2. We had a very ______ time in London last summer.  
   a) fun  b) nice  c) funny

3. Would you ______ this letter to the post office, please?  
   a) send  b) take  c) bring

4. The ______ on the west coast of Scotland is really beautiful.  
   a) scenery  b) nature  c) view

5. Elana has a ______ job at a chemist’s.  
   a) half-time  b) spare-time  c) part-time

6. I saw a very good ______ advertised in the paper this week.  
   a) job  b) work  c) occupation

7. I ______ to see the manager, please.  
   a) will  b) want  c) would

8. Is there anything ______ you’d like me to get you?  
   a) else  b) again  c) other

9. These shoes don’t ______. They’re much too big.  
   a) suit  b) pass  c) fit

10. When we were in Spain last year, we ______ at a fabulous hotel overlooking the beach.  
    a) stayed  b) stopped  c) lived

11. The doctor gave her a ______ for some medicine.  
    a) recipe  b) statement  c) prescription

12. I hate doing the ______, especially cleaning the windows.  
    a) jobs  b) housework  c) homework

- Sometimes language learners are confused by two or three words that sound similar or have slightly similar meanings. Or else an English word is similar to a word in their language so they think it means the same thing. If you know which words confuse you, you can solve the problem by writing example sentences. For example, if receipt, recipe and bill confuse you, check the meaning in a dictionary, then write a sentence using each one.
- The p in receipt is silent. We do not pronounce it.
19 Food and drink

Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to food.

Across
1. You can make it with lettuce and tomatoes.
6. The meat from a pig.
7. Tomato _______ is popular on spaghetti.
8. It's made from milk and tastes a bit sour.
9. People often eat it at the cinema.
12. _______ floss is pink, very sweet and looks like cotton wool.
14. They are not good for your teeth.
17. They are small dry fruits. They are sometimes in cereals, chocolate or on top of ice cream.
18. Hot _______ is a good drink for winter nights.
20. They eat and grow a lot of this in China, India and Japan.
22. A piece of beef. It's often eaten with chips.
23. _______ drinks are drinks that don't have alcohol in them.
25. An ice _______ is ice with a flavour, on a stick.
26. These little pink things are a kind of seafood.
28. The meat from cows.

Down
2. It's a sweet round cake, covered with sugar, with jam or cream in the middle.
3. You look at it before you order food in a restaurant.
4. Vanilla is a very popular _______ of ice cream.
5. It's sweet and is made by bees.
6. It's usually on the table with the salt.
10. Spaghetti and ravioli are types of _______
11. An egg _______. It can be made with cheese or potatoes, for example.
13. _______ cola doesn't have sugar in it.
15. Mineral water that has gas in it is _______.
16. They're very small meals.
18. A lot of people have a bowl of it with milk and sugar for breakfast.
19. The meat from young sheep.
21. Mineral water without gas is _______.
24. _______ oil is made in most Mediterranean countries.
27. Food that isn't cooked is _______.

The word diet is usually a noun.
She's on a special vegetarian diet.
He's on a diet because he wants to lose weight.
It can also be used as an adjective in phrases like diet cola / lemonade.
20 What's the matter?

What is each person saying? Write the correct words under each picture.

I've burnt my finger.
I've got a bad knee.

My shoulder hurts.
I've got a broken toe.

My elbow hurts.
I've bitten my tongue.

I've got stomach ache.
My lips are sore.

1  I've got a bad knee.

2  

3  

4  

5  

6  

7  

8  

- The expression I've got a bad ... means I've got a pain in my ... It can be used with most parts of the body. For example I've got a bad back / knee / foot / leg / eye / throat. We don't use it with head: I've got a bad head.
- The word tummy is often used for stomach. It is more informal than stomach.
## In the bathroom

Write the numbers 1 to 19 next to the correct words.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>basin</th>
<th>shower</th>
<th>bath</th>
<th>soap</th>
<th>bath mat</th>
<th>sponge</th>
<th>brush</th>
<th>tap</th>
<th>comb</th>
<th>toilet</th>
<th>toilet paper</th>
<th>perfume</th>
<th>toothbrush</th>
<th>toothpaste</th>
<th>scales</th>
<th>shampoo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- **11** bath mat
- **12** shampoo
- **13** toothbrush
- **14** toothpaste
- **15** shower
- **16** towel
- **17** toilet paper
- **18** perfume
- **19** scales

---

- In a bathroom, we wash our hands in a **basin**. We do not call it a basin if it is in a kitchen; we call it a **sink**.
- In American English, a **tap** is called a **faucet**.
- The word **scales**, like **scissors**, is always plural. **The scales are in the bathroom cupboard. NOT The scale is in the bathroom cupboard.**
Adjectives: people

Complete the sentences below with the correct adjectives.

bad-tempered  big-headed  bossy  calm  friendly  helpful
       lazy  loud  selfish  serious  shy  studious

1. The other students in the group are very __________ and we all get on well.

2. Gina shouts instead of talking and always laughs at her own jokes. She’s a very __________ person.

3. He always worked hard at school and university. He’s a __________ person.

4. He gave me a lift when I missed the bus. He’s so kind and __________.

5. He thinks he’s the cleverest guy in the world. He is very __________.

6. I’m very __________ in the mornings. It’s best if you don’t speak to me before nine o’clock!

7. My sister is terribly __________. She drives everywhere and refuses to walk.

8. She is quite a __________ person. She always looks down at the floor when she speaks to you.

9. She never shouts and she’s never in a hurry. She’s always __________.

10. She’s a bit __________. She always tells you how you should do everything.

11. Why are you so __________? You’ve eaten all the ice cream. There are other people in this family.

12. Why is she always so __________? She never laughs or smiles.

Many adjectives end in "-y", "-ful", "-ed" and "-ious".

How do these adjectives end? Write the complete adjective in the correct box.

beauti..., blue-ey..., dark-hair..., industri..., naught..., relig..., sill..., wonder...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ending in &quot;-y&quot;</th>
<th>ending in &quot;-ful&quot;</th>
<th>ending in &quot;-ious&quot;</th>
<th>ending in &quot;-ed&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Can you add any more adjectives to the boxes?
23 Clothes

Write the numbers 1 to 20 next to the correct words.

bikini  shorts  slippers
bra  sweatshirt

dressing gown  swimming costume
fleece  tracksuit
gloves  trainers
knickers  tights
	nightie  underpants
pyjamas  T-shirt

1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  10  11  12  13  14  15  16  17  18  19  20

- Knickers are worn by women, underpants or pants are worn by men.
- In American English, pants means trousers.
- The words knickers, pyjamas, shorts, tights, trunks and underpants are always in the plural. My pyjamas need a wash. NOT My pyjamas needs a wash. These tights are too small. NOT This tights is too small.
- In British English the spelling is pyjamas. The American spelling is pajamas.
- The original meaning of the word fleece is the woolly coat of a sheep. It also means a warm top made of synthetic material. Fleeces, unlike sweaters, aren’t knitted.
24 Word groups

Complete each group of words on the left with a word from the box. Then write the name for each group in the grid.

shark, seal, monkey,  whale,  beetle,  cashier,  curly,  Euro,  lizard,  milk,  nephew,  pullover,  stool,  swan,  trumpet,  whale,

wavy, straight, blonde,  rainbow,  ankle,  fleece,  pigeon,  goose,  eagle,  cousin,  uncle,  aunt,  bee,  ant,  fly,  beer,  water,  petrol,  keyboard,  flute,  guitar,  pound,  dollar,  yen,  cleaner,  writer,  engineer,  snake,  crocodile,  tortoise,  sofa,  bookcase,  wardrobe,

People usually find it easier to learn new words in a set. Try adding three more words to each of the sets on this page.

25 Prepositions

Look at the plan of the boat. Then complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.

The Barcelona Deck is _______ Car Deck B.
One of the restaurants is _______ the shop and the Sunset Bar.
The Seaview Lounge is _______ the restaurant.
There are cabins _______ the Copenhagen Deck.
The Observation Deck is _______ the Captain’s Bridge.
You can find out your cabin number _______ the reception desk.
You can have a meal _______ one of the restaurants.
There are steps going up _______ the Observation Deck.
You have to go through the shop if you go _______ the Seagull Club _______ the restaurant.

- A public sitting room, for example at a hotel, at an airport or on a boat, is called a lounge.
- A deck means the part of a boat where people can walk or sit outside.
- A bedroom on a boat is called a cabin.
- In a building we talk about floors: My flat is on the third floor. But on a boat, we talk about decks: Our cabin is on the Copenhagen Deck.
26 Verbs and nouns 2

A. Match the verbs to the nouns.

Verbs
1. burn
2. crash
3. drop
4. fail
5. pick
6. repair
7. rob
8. surf
9. sweep
10. take

Nouns
a. a bank
b. a message
c. litter
d. some flowers
e. the car
f. the kitchen floor
g. the Internet
h. the washing machine
i. your exam
j. your hand

B. Complete each sentence with the correct verb + noun.

7. There's ice on the road. You should slow down or you'll ____________________

8. There's rubbish all down the street. Why do some people always ____________________?

9. We're going out. If anyone calls, can you ____________________, please?

10. You've worked really hard. I'm sure you won't ____________________.

---

- The word Internet is often shortened to Net.
  *I was surfing the Net yesterday and I found a really interesting website.*

- The word litter is used for rubbish in the street, not in a house.
  *There's a litter bin at the end of the street. BUT We keep our rubbish bin under the kitchen sink.*
More money

Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to money.

Across
1. I don't have enough money for that motorbike. I can't ____ it.
2. American money.
3. You carry your money in it.
4. He gave the taxi driver £10 and told him to keep the ____
5. You can use this plastic thing instead of money when you buy things. (6,4)
6. The highest one in Britain is a £50 one.
7. You can get money from it when the bank is shut. (The clue for 11 Down will help you!)
8. There are one hundred pence in one ____
9. You are ____ if you don’t have a lot of money.

Down
1. If you don't keep your money under your bed, you probably keep it in a bank ____
2. This person is the boss of a bank.
3. If you want to send someone money, it's safer to send a ____
   But you mustn't forget to sign it.
4. A British 50 pence ____ is silver and has seven sides.
5. There are one hundred of these in a pound.
6. You are ____ if you have a lot of money.
7. There are one hundred of these in a dollar.
8. This is the money of most of the countries of Europe.
9. This is a person's secret number for getting money from a cashpoint.

- Scotland has its own notes: £5, £10, £20 and £50. They are produced by the Bank of Scotland and look slightly different from the notes produced by the Bank of England. The Scottish notes are worth the same as the English ones and are valid all over Britain.

- There are two plurals for the word penny: pence and pennies. When talking about the price of something, we use the form pence or the short form p. I paid eighty-five pence for this bro. OR Have fifty p. Can you get me some chewing gum? We use the form pennies when we are talking about the actual coins. I've got a lot of coins in my purse but I haven't got any pennies.
28 Verbs: thinking and feeling

Write the missing verbs in the sentences below. Choose from the following:

believe dislike dream expect feel forgive hope imagine mind miss prefer suffer think wonder worry

1. They said they'd be here at four o'clock and it's four now. I ________ they'll be here any minute.
2. ‘Where shall we go for lunch?’
   ‘I don’t ________, You choose.’
3. Don’t ________ about me. I'll be very careful.
4. He was really sorry about being late so I decided to ________ him.
5. I ________ it isn’t going to rain. We’re having a picnic later.
6. I ________ who this letter is from. It looks like Hannah’s writing.
7. I ________ in love. It’s the most important thing in this world.
8. I haven’t seen Sam for fifteen years. I can’t ________ what he looks like now.
9. I really ________ people who talk during films.
10. Which flavour ice cream do you ________, coffee or chocolate?
11. After a long swim, I always ________ really hungry and thirsty.
12. She died quietly in her sleep. She didn’t ________ at all.
13. I’m going to work in Australia but if I ________ my friends and family a lot, I’m coming back.
14. You would look nice with short hair. Do you ever ________ of cutting it?
15. My dog often makes noises when he’s asleep. Do dogs ________?

- If someone offers you choices and you are happy with all of them, it is more polite to say I don’t mind than I don’t care.
- The verb mind is used in a lot of other spoken English phrases, for example Would you mind if…? Never mind, Mind your own business.

29 Sport

Name the sports in the pictures. Then match each sport to the place where people do it. Choose from the words in the box.

- circuit
- course
- court
- pitch
- pool
- ring
- rink
- track

1. ________
2. ________
3. ________
4. ________
5. ________
6. ________
7. ________
8. ________
9. ________
10. ________

Other sports that are played in a court are: squash, badminton and volleyball.
30 Animals

Write the numbers 1 to 18 next to the correct words. Then put the words in the correct group in the table. There are two words for each group.

ant       6       eagle       11       penguin       10
butterfly       1       fox       12       pigeon       13
calf       16       kangaroo       7       rhinoceros       14
cheetah       15       koala bear       17       shark       16
deer       18       lamb       8       snail       17
dolphin       9       ostrich       10       worm       11

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14
15
16
17
18

Australian animals       African animals       Birds that can’t fly

European animals       Baby farm animals       Animals in the sea

Birds       Insects       Garden creatures (not insects)

One way of practising the names of animals is with the Chain Game. One person says an animal, for example shark. Shark ends in k so the next person has to say an animal starting with k, for example koala bear. The third person in the chain might say rabbit and the fourth might say tiger. A person is out when he / she can’t think of an animal starting with the correct letter.

You can play this game with other groups of words, for example verbs, adjectives, clothes, jobs, countries.
31 Music

Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to music.

Across

1. A CD or cassette with a collection of songs or music by the same artist.
2. A large group of musicians who play different instruments.
3. In this kind of music the words are spoken not sung.
4. Imagine is John Lennon's most famous _____.
5. It's like a piano but it's electric.

Down

2. Some singers hold it very close to their mouths.
3. The most important thing for a singer.
4. Celine Dion's latest _____. has sold millions of copies.
5. This music has a great ___. It makes you want to dance.
6. A CD or cassette with just one or two songs.
7. A rock or pop concert.
8. You hit these musical instruments with your hands or with sticks.
9. I heard this song on the radio this morning and now I can't get the _____. out of my head.

Country and Western music is sometimes called Country music for short. It is popular music from the southern and western United States. Dolly Parton and Garth Brooks are two famous Country and Western singers.
32 Phrases 2

Match the words to the pictures. Write the letters a to j in the balloons.

a. Yes, that's right. How did you know?
b. Never mind. It doesn't matter.
d. That's awful. I'm so sorry.
e. Of course I can.
g. Not too bad. Thanks.
h. What a shame! Why not?
i. Yes, isn't it great!
j. It's really good to see you, too.

5. What a fantastic day!
6. I can't make it to your party tomorrow.
7. Could you give me a lift home?
8. I think he likes you.
9. You're Sophia, aren't you?
10. My goldfish has died.

The verb mind is used more in spoken than in written English. The expression Never mind means Don't worry and is often used in answer to someone who is saying sorry. See the Tip for Test 28 on page 48.
# Verbs and nouns 3

## A

**Verbs**  
1. add  
2. correct  
3. fill  
4. hang  
5. mix  
6. practise  
7. sign  
8. tie  
9. wear  
10. miss

**Nouns**  
1. a picture  
2. a saucepan  
3. flour and eggs  
4. rubber gloves  
5. some string  
6. the cheque  
7. the mistakes  
8. the piano  
9. the train  
10. two and two

### B

Complete each sentence with the correct verb + noun.

1. He's bad at maths. He can't even **add two and two**.
2. Let's go now or we'll **miss**.
3. You should **mix** to clean the bath. That cleaning stuff is bad for your hands.
4. If you want to be in the concert, you have to **sign** every day.
5. I want to **paint** on this wall.
6. Let's **tie** round this box to keep it shut.
7. Can you **fill** in my homework, please?

---

8. She wrote the date and the amount of money but she forgot to **sign**.
9. To make these biscuits you have to first **mix**.
10. Can you **fill** with water? I'm going to make pasta.

---

The word *stuff* is very common, especially in spoken English. We often use it when we don't know exactly what something is made of. In 10, above, it means a cleaning product. It can also mean a type of food or drink.

*I like that stuff you made for supper yesterday.*
34 Adjectives: things

Write the missing words under the pictures. Choose from the following:

- baggy
- checked
- cotton
- grey
- heavy
- leather
- metal
- patterned
- plastic
- rubber
- silver
- spotted
- striped
- tight
- torn
- woollen

1. a __________ rose
2. a __________ cardigan
3. __________
4. __________
5. a __________ shirt
6. a __________ dressing gown
7. a __________ scarf
8. a __________ dress
9. a __________ top
10. __________ boots
11. a __________ belt
12. __________
13. a __________ buckle
14. __________ earrings
15. a __________ rucksack
16. a __________ fleece

- The colour grey is spelt gray in American English.
- Rubber boots are often called Wellington boots in British English. They are an example of things named after their inventor, the Duke of Wellington. He invented them in the nineteenth century. See the Tip for Test 4 on page 5 for more examples of things named after their inventors.
35 Fruit and vegetables

Write the numbers 1 to 14 next to the correct words.

beans  4  
carrot  
cucumber  
grapes  
leeks  
lemon  
lettuce  
mushrooms  
pear  
peas  
pineapple  
raspberries  
strawberries  
watermelon  

7  8  9
10  11  12
13  14

Fruit and vegetables, or food, work well as word groups for playing the Chain Game. See the Tip for Test 30 on page 51.
# Phrasal verbs

Choose the correct particle to complete each sentence. Choose from the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>away</th>
<th>down</th>
<th>forward</th>
<th>in</th>
<th>off</th>
<th>off</th>
<th>on</th>
<th>out</th>
<th>out</th>
<th>up</th>
<th>up</th>
<th>up</th>
<th>up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1. 'Do you know your next-door neighbours?'
   'No, they only moved _______ in _______ last week.'

2. Can you turn the TV _______ a little bit, please. I'm trying to do my homework.

3. Can you turn _______ the volume, please. I want to hear the news.

4. He gave _______ playing football last year after breaking his leg.

5. How did you work _______ the answer to the maths problem?

6. I can't see a thing. I'm going to switch _______ another light.

7. I have to clear _______ the mess. Can you help me, please?

8. If you make a mistake, just cross it _______ and write the correct answer above.

9. She's really happy because she's just found _______ that she's expecting a baby.

10. Please switch _______ your engine before you fill your car with petrol.

11. She's a liar. She makes _______ stories all the time.

12. Please fill _______ this form and sign it at the bottom.

13. We can't fix this computer mouse. You'd better just throw it _______.

14. We're driving her to the station. Do you want to come and see her _______ too?

15. We're really looking _______ to our holiday in Thailand.

---

- A phrasal verb is a verb and a particle like up, off or out which has a different meaning from the verb on its own. For example, **get = receive** BUT **get back = return**.
- Some phrasal verbs have an object, for example **look up**. Sometimes we can put the object between the verb and the particle. Look up these words in the dictionary. OR Look these words up in the dictionary.
37 Fun and leisure 1

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

art exhibition 7 funfair ______
barbecue ______ fireworks ______
birthday party ______ go-karting ______
boat trip ______ magic show ______
carnival ______ musical ______
circus ______ rollercoaster ______

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

- The word trip can go with other nouns besides boat: car trip, coach trip, business trip, day trip. A day trip is a pleasure trip that is done in one day.
- The word show can also go with other nouns: fashion show, dog show, flower show, quiz show. A quiz show is a TV competition where people answer questions.
Fun and leisure 2

Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to fun and leisure. Put the jumbled letters in order to get the answers to each clue.

Across

3 A good way of seeing Paris is to take a boat ____ down the Seine. (RIPT)
5 In an ____ all the words are sung. (PAROE)
7 You can send a card to the person you love on February 14th. It's ____'s Day. (LAVTENIEN)
8 There were thirty bands from all over the world at the music ____ (LASTIFEV)
11 They spent the day ____ in New York. They went up the Empire State Building, then they took a ferry to the Statue of Liberty. (NEIGHTSITGES)
13 The ____ in this competition is a holiday for two in the Bahamas. (ZEPIR)
14 The best ____ at the funfair was the ghost train. (DIRE)
15 I've got a blanket and lots of food in this basket. We're going for a ____ in the park. (NICCIP)
16 She bought a ____ ticket for £1 and won £2 million. (ROTTELY)

Down

1 When you tell a good one, people laugh. (KOJE)
2 Children dress up as ghosts and witches on _____. It's on October 31st. (WHOLENALE)
3 I'll show you a really good card ____. Choose a card and I'll tell you what it is. (CRIKT)
4 You go to the theatre to see one. (YALP)

6 Their silver wedding ____ was last week. They've been married twenty-five years. (NEVARSSYRIN)
9 She was too scared to go on any of the rides at the theme ____ (KIPRA)
10 When they got married, they had a huge white ____ cake. (DEWDING)
11 A lot of people like to go to the ____ for their summer holidays. (DAISES)
12 A ____ is something you enjoy doing in your free time. (BHOYB)

People who have been married for fifty years celebrate their golden wedding anniversary. People who have been married for sixty years celebrate their diamond wedding anniversary.
39 Places to live

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

beach hut ______ 2 ______
block of flats ______
caravan ______
castle ______
cave ______
cottage ______
hotel ______
house ______
houseboat ______
palace ______
prison ______
tent ______

1 ______ 2 ______ 3 ______ 4 ______ 5 ______ 6 ______ 7 ______ 8 ______
9 ______ 10 ______ 11 ______ 12 ______

A cottage is always in a village or in the country. A small house in a town is not called a cottage.
40 People

Write the correct words from the box under each picture.

- bride
- customer
- director
- employer
- model
- owner
- parent
- patient
- pupil
- reader
- rider
- thief

1. policeman and 
   _thief_

2. doctor and 
   _____

3. teacher and 
   _____

4. writer and 
   _____

5. _____ and 
   employee

6. shop assistant and 
   _____

7. _____ and child

8. photographer and 
   _____

9. _____ and actor

10. _____ and groom

11. horse and 
    _____

12. dog and 
    _____

- A person studying at school is a pupil. A person studying at college or university is a student.
- We can say a shop assistant or a sales assistant.
41 Phrases 3

Match the words to the pictures. Write the letters a to h in the balloons.

a. Can I have a taste?
b. Hands off!
c. Hard luck!
d. I'm not in the mood.
e. Keep in touch!
f. Move up!
g. Shut up!
h. Sweet dreams!

- The phrase Shut up means Be quiet. It is quite rude but not as rude as Shut it and Shut your mouth.
- We can also say Bad luck instead of Hard luck.
42 More prepositions

Write the missing prepositions in the sentences.

1. I've known him _______ twelve years now.
   a) for b) since c) in

2. I must be home _______ 11.30 at the latest.
   a) on b) by c) after

3. We're really looking forward _______ seeing you next weekend.
   a) for b) at c) to

4. What are you doing _______ three and four this afternoon?
   a) during b) between c) before

5. I haven't seen John _______ he got married.
   a) until b) since c) before

6. What time do you usually get up _______ the mornings?
   a) on b) at c) in

7. I always get up after eleven _______ Sunday mornings.
   a) on b) at c) in

8. My son's really scared _______ dogs.
   a) of b) for c) with

9. There's no point _______ washing your hair just before you go swimming.
   a) of b) with c) in

10. I'm really bored _______ listening to her stories about college.
    a) from b) in c) with

11. Are you interested _______ going for a boat trip this weekend?
    a) from b) in c) by

12. She filled a basket _______ fruit and flowers.
    a) by b) of c) with

The best way to remember the meaning of many prepositions is with an example sentence. Writing a list of the prepositions with a one-word translation next to each one will not be useful. In each of these sentences in your language, you might use a different word for in. She's in bed. I'll see you in the morning. In my opinion ... Are you interested in seeing my photos?
**A.** Write the numbers 1 to 9 next to the correct words.

- circle
- cube
- parallel lines
- pyramid
- rectangle
- right angle
- sphere
- square
- triangle

**B.** Complete each sentence with the correct word from the box.

- A quarter
- A third
- An eighth
- divided by
- equals
- Half
- minus
- nought
- per cent
- plus
- Point
- times

1. fifteen plus fifteen = thirty
2. eighty-three ________ twenty-nine = fifty-four
3. ninety-nine ________ nine = eleven
4. three ________ thirteen = thirty-nine
5. ________ of forty-four is twenty-two.
6. ________ of forty-four is eleven.
7. ________ of twenty-seven is nine.
8. ________ of sixteen is two.
9. Eight plus eight ________ sixteen.
10. Ten ________ of a hundred and fifty is fifteen.
11. ________ five is the same as one half.
12. Another word for zero is ________.

*The word *nought* is not used in American English.*

*We never say *nought* for telephone numbers. Most British people say *o.*

"My number is a two o double seven four eight double o three one.*

(020 7748 0031)
44 Electrical things

Write the numbers 1 to 15 next to the correct words.

desk lamp
drill
electric razor
fan
hair drier
heater
iron
light bulb
plug
sewing machine
switch
tumble drier
vacuum cleaner
washing machine
wire

7 8 9

10 11 12

13 14 15

The word plug is a noun or a verb.
I have to put a new plug on this lamp.
I have to get under the table to plug in the vacuum cleaner.
45 Verbs: third person

The verbs in the box are very common in the third person. Complete the sentences with the correct verbs from the box in the Present Simple.

become  belong  depend  disappear  exist  fit  happen
matter  mean  seem  sound  suit  take  taste  turn

1. It _______ takes about an hour to get to Natasha's house by car.

2. Doesn't time fly? You've been here a month but it _______ more like a week!

3. I don't believe in ghosts. I'm sure they don't _______.

4. In this story, the princess kisses the frog and it _______ into a prince.

5. It doesn't _______ if you can't give me a lift. I'll phone for a taxi.

6. That sign _______ that you can't park here.

7. You look great in green. It's a colour that _______ you really well.

8. 'Whose is this mobile?'
   'It _______ to my sister.'

9. This coffee _______ like soap. Who did the washing-up?

10. What _______ if you're late for work? Do you get into trouble?

11. 'What are you doing next weekend?'
   'It _______ on the weather.'


13. When water freezes, it _______ ice.

14. When you put bread out for the birds, it _______ in minutes. They're always hungry!

15. These shoes don't _______ me. They're much too big.

In British English the Past Simple of fit is fitted.
Last year, these trousers fitted me perfectly.
In American English, it is fit.
Last year, these pants fit me perfectly.
46 Verbs: going places

Complete each sentence with a verb from the box in the correct form.

Cross  cycle  escape  fly  follow  hurry  jog  land  race  reach  return  sail  take off  tour  travel  turn

1. When you __________ the crossroads, turn left. The college is on the right.
2. Our helicopter __________ over the sea and I could see lots of fishing boats.
3. Please let's __________. We're going to be really late for the meeting.
4. I like __________ to work on my new bike because I save money and get exercise at the same time.
5. I went to California in 1998 and I __________ for a second visit last December.
6. I'm trying to get fit so I usually put on my trainers and go __________ in the evening.
7. The plane __________ at Kennedy airport and all the passengers got out.
8. The two swimmers __________ down the pool as fast as they could go.
9. They drove slowly ahead of us in their car and we __________ them in our van.
10. We got in the boat and __________ across the water to the island.
11. We had to spend the night at the airport because there was a terrible storm and our plane couldn't __________.
12. When we got to the roundabout, we __________ left.
13. At the party I couldn't __________ from that boring man who never stopped talking about his computer.
14. It's very difficult to __________ that road because it's very busy and there are no traffic lights.
15. We __________ to Glasgow by train and came back on a coach.
16. I went to China last year and __________ the country with a group of other students.

The Past Simple of travel is travelled in British English and traveled in American English.
47 British and American English

How do the Americans say these words? Choose from the words in the box.

-candy- cookies eraser fall fries gas station movie theater purse store truck

1. British English: sweets
   American English: **candy**

2. British English: lorry
   American English: ______

3. British English: chips
   American English: ______

4. British English: rubber
   American English: ______

5. British English: autumn
   American English: ______

6. British English: biscuits
   American English: ______

7. British English: petrol station
   American English: ______

8. British English: cinema
   American English: ______

9. British English: handbag
   American English: ______

10. British English: shop
    American English: ______

American spelling is different from British in some words.
Words that end -re in British English are spelt -er in American English.
Words that end -our in British English are spelt -or in American English.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>British spelling</th>
<th>American spelling</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>theatre</td>
<td>theater</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>centre</td>
<td>center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>litre</td>
<td>liter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>colour</td>
<td>color</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
48 Kinuta Island

Look at the map and complete the labels with the correct words from the box.

- Cave
- Coast
- Farm
- Field
- Hills
- Lake
- Mountains
- Ocean
- Path
- Port
- Rainforest
- Rock
- Stones
- Stream
- Valley
- Wildlife reserve

1. Eagle _Mountains_
2. Wakanuki __________
3. The Coast __________
4. corn __________
5. Katoomba __________
6. The Rakuku __________
7. Maraunu __________
8. __________
9. The South __________
10. The Pacific __________
11. The Old Fishing __________
12. Kinuta __________
13. Table __________
14. The Standing __________
15. Blue Water __________
16. Snake __________

A lot of people find it easier to learn new words in a set. On this page you have learnt a set of geography words. Can you add any more words to it?
49 Sport

Complete the crossword. Each word is related to sport.

Across
2 You wear it to see when you're swimming underwater.
3 All athletes have to _____ if they want to do well.
5 It's used by tennis players.
7 You don't want to do this when you are motor-racing.
8 In the last minute, Manchester United scored the winning _____
9 Tennis players stand on each side of it.
12 Don't keep the ball. You have to _____ it.
15 A football _____ is someone who loves football.
17 Go past someone on a bicycle or in a car.
18 This means zero in tennis.

Down
1 You can _____ the ball or hit it with your head in football.
2 A game between two players or teams.
4 You have to run or swim fast in one.
6 The person who trains a sports person.
8 Swimmers wear them on their eyes during races.
10 There are eleven players in a football _____
11 Cyclists wear one on their head.
13 To get a point or a goal.
14 Nobody won. It was a _____
16 Zero in football.

There's another test on sports vocabulary on page 49.
50 Films and TV

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

advertisement  12

cartoon

comedy

documentary

horror film

interview

love story

musical

news

science fiction film

thriller

weather forecast

1  

2

3

4

5  

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

Probably the most popular TV programmes are soaps. They are stories about the everyday life of a group of people. Most soaps are on TV four or five times a week and they go on for many years. Is there a special word for a soap in your language?
### 51 Opposites: adjectives

What's the opposite of each word on the left? Choose from the words on the right.

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>strong</td>
<td>weak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>generous</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>exciting</td>
<td>calm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>simple</td>
<td>careless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>hard-working</td>
<td>complicated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>careful</td>
<td>depressed</td>
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<tr>
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<td>mean</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>happy</td>
<td>noisy</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>ugly</td>
<td>old-fashioned</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>tidy</td>
<td>ordinary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>unusual</td>
<td>sensible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>modern</td>
<td>shallow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>nervous</td>
<td>untidy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>silly</td>
<td>weak</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Don't forget the difference between **boring** and **bored**; **exciting** and **excited**; **interesting** and **interested**, **depressing** and **depressed**. The **-ad** words describe the person who has the feeling; the **-ing** words describe what gives them that feeling.

* I got bored watching TV. The programme was boring.
* I got depressed listening to Sandy. Sandy was depressing.

- Students of English sometimes get confused about the words **sensible** and **sensitive**. **Sensible** means clever or practical; **sensitive** means easily hurt or upset.

### 52 Choose the word

Choose the word to best complete each sentence.

1. His parents don’t ____ allow ____ him to stay out later than 10:30 at night.  
   a) allow  
   b) let  
   c) suggest

2. It was very difficult to see the road through the ____ fog.  
   a) thick  
   b) strong  
   c) deep

3. That bee just ____ me on the arm.  
   a) bit  
   b) stung  
   c) waved

4. I won’t go to the party ____ Robert is invited too.  
   a) unless  
   b) except  
   c) but

5. Please be careful with that glass dish. It’s really ____.  
   a) precious  
   b) popular  
   c) patterned

6. You can’t change ____ coins at the bank. You can only change notes.  
   a) strange  
   b) foreign  
   c) different

7. She felt very ____ when she didn’t get the job.  
   a) upset  
   b) shy  
   c) unfriendly

8. The train now ____ at platform 11 is the 14:45 to Brighton.  
   a) lying  
   b) resting  
   c) standing

9. This newspaper says that women drivers have ____ accidents than men.  
   a) fewer  
   b) better  
   c) lower

10. I love ____ food with lots of pepper in it but it always makes me thirsty.  
    a) heated  
    b) spicy  
    c) lively

11. I’m choosing number ten – it’s my ____ number.  
    a) warm  
    b) happy  
    c) lucky

12. The shopping mall is always ____ of people on Saturday afternoon.  
    a) crowded  
    b) full  
    c) busy

* There is another test like this one on page 30.
53 **Compound nouns**

Match the correct words from the box with each of the words below. The clues will help you.

- bin, child, clock, code, drink, fiction, food, forecast, gown, hall, lenses, licence, lights, park, reserve, store, toy, water

**Clues**

1. junk __food__
   - Food that is not very healthy or good for you.
2. weather __
   - It's useful to check it before you have a picnic.
3. alarm __
   - It wakes you up in the morning.
4. soft __
   - It could be a bear or a tiger on a child's bed.
5. contact __
   - Some people wear them instead of glasses.
6. driving __
   - In Britain, you can't get one until you're seventeen.
7. mineral __
   - It doesn't come out of your kitchen tap.
8. town __
   - This is the centre of local government.
9. department __
   - It's a large shop with a lot of floors.
10. theme __
    - It's full of rollercoasters and other rides.
11. nature __
    - It's a huge park where animals and plants are safe.
12. rubbish __
    - Things you throw away go in it.
13. post __
    - These numbers or letters show your address.
14. only __
    - He or she doesn't have any brothers or sisters.
15. traffic __
    - Cars stop when they're red.
16. soft __
    - There isn't any alcohol in it.
17. dressing __
    - You put this on instead of getting dressed.
18. science __
    - A story that probably has spaceships in it.

*In the test above, can you find the compound nouns that mean the same as these American English ones: driver's license, zip code, bathrobe?*

54 **Verbs: using your hands**

Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the correct form.

- clear, collect, cover, deliver, tight, hold, join, knock, lift, point, prepare, press, pull, put, shake, shave, shoot, touch, type, wave

1. __Press__ the button on the left to turn it off.
2. 'Look,' he said and __________ at the light in the sky.
3. You have to __________ the bottle before you pour out the medicine.
4. Help me move this wardrobe. You push and I'll __________.
5. I always use an electric razor to __________. It's nice and quick.
6. I had to __________ a meal for twenty people last week.
7. When we met again, I put my arms around him and __________ him tight.
8. I tried to __________ the box but it was too heavy.
9. If you __________ the melon in the fridge, it will stay nice and fresh.
10. Our postman __________ the letters before we get up.
11. Please don't __________ those chairs. I've just painted them and the paint's still wet.
12. The horse broke its leg in the race and the vet had to __________ it.
13. The two children didn't get on and __________ all the time.
14. We __________ on the door but there was nobody at home.
15. We stood on the platform and __________ goodbye.
16. She __________ lots of pretty shells on the beach last summer.
17. When it boils, __________ the saucepan. Here's the lid.
18. You __________ the table and I'll do the washing-up.
19. The carpenter __________ the two pieces of wood with glue and nails.
20. How many words can you __________ per minute?
55 Abstract nouns

Complete the sentences below with abstract nouns. Choose from the following:

accident  adventure  course  crime  description  fact
height  illness  memory  opinion  peace
permission  purpose  reason  religion  rest  result  rule
secret  shape  silence  speed  trouble  war

1. I got into trouble because I was late for school today.
2. He had a car accident because he was driving too fast.
3. The rock is a very strange shape. It looks like a horse.
4. Can you tell me the reason of the match? Who won?
5. When two countries fight, there is a conflict between them.
6. Stealing radios and phones from cars is a common crime in this city.
7. What is your opinion of this book? Did you think it was good?
8. ‘Be quiet everyone. I need absolute silence.’
9. The two sides have stopped fighting. But how long will there be peace between them?
10. I’ve got an excellent memory for names and faces. I never forget them.
11. The news I’m late is that I didn’t hear my alarm this morning.
12. I’m not making this up. It’s a fact.
13. How fast were you going? What speed were you doing?

14. ‘What is the height of the Statue of Liberty?’
   ‘I think it’s about 100 metres from the ground to the top of the torch.’
15. I travelled around Europe with a team of students from all over the world.
16. We had an exciting adventure on our last holiday. We went for a camel ride in the desert.
17. Can you give us a reason of the man who stole your bag?
18. ‘What religion are you?’
   ‘I’m a Buddhist.’
19. We’re tired. We need a rest.
20. What’s the purpose of your visit? Are you here on business or for a holiday?
21. This is a private road. Have you got permission to park in it?
22. The government is no mobile phones in the classroom.
23. She still hasn’t got over that horrible illness. She’s been in bed for weeks now.
24. It’s a lie. Please don’t tell anyone else.
25. She went on a computer course for three weeks and now she designs websites.

Many abstract nouns end in -ion, -ment, -ness, -ence, -ity. How do these nouns end? Write two nouns in each box.

-ion

-ment

-ness

-ence

-ity
56 Adjectives crossword

Complete the crossword. Choose from the adjectives in the box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>final</th>
<th>flat</th>
<th>fresh</th>
<th>general</th>
<th>glad</th>
<th>grateful</th>
<th>honest</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>main</td>
<td>natural</td>
<td>pale</td>
<td>plain</td>
<td>pleased</td>
<td>private</td>
<td>real</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sharp</td>
<td>shiny</td>
<td>single</td>
<td>smooth</td>
<td>special</td>
<td>useful</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Across

1. This bread is _____. I've just bought it.
3. This is the ____ call for flight AZ231. Please go immediately to Gate 11.
6. He never tells lies. He's very_____.
8. Let's take a map. It might be ____ if we get lost.
9. I'm so ____ they're getting married. They're made for each other.
11. She was really ____ with her exam results. She got 98%.
13. In summer she's quite brown but in winter she always looks _____.
14. Would you like two ____ beds or one double bed?
16. I didn't understand every word but I got the ____ idea.
17. I had soup to start with and fish for the ____ course.

Down

1. This packet is very ____. It must be a CD or a picture. (The opposite of round.)
2. Your legs are very ____. Have you just shaved them? (The opposite of rough.)
4. I don't think that is her ____ hair colour. Last time I saw her, she had black hair.
5. These roses are ____. They aren't plastic.
7. Use this knife to cut the meat. It's very _____.

9. Thank you so much. I'm very ____ to you for all your help.
10. I want a ____ white shirt without any stripes or patterns.
11. Can I speak to you in ____? I don't want the others to hear.
12. He doesn't drink ordinary tea. He only drinks a ____ kind of fruit tea.
15. I've cleaned the windows. They're lovely and ____ now.

There are five adjectives in this crossword that end in -af. We can make adverbs out of all of them by adding -ly. For example generally, finally, naturally.
57 Anagrams

An anagram has the same letters as another word, but in a different order. Sort out these anagrams.

1. Change beard into something you can eat. bread
2. Change asleep into a word used by polite people.
3. Change below into a part of the body.
4. Change cheap into a fruit.
5. Change hated into the opposite of life.
6. Change heart into our planet.
7. Change rose into another word for painful.
8. Change thing into the opposite of day.
9. Change danger into a place outside the house.
10. Change grown into the opposite of right.
11. Change laid into what you do when you make a phone call.
12. Changed signed into what architects do.
13. Change means into what Lucy and John are examples of.
14. Change horse into the place where the land meets the sea.
15. Change recent into the middle of a town.

58 Definitions

Complete each sentence with the correct ending on the right.

1. A rude child is impolite.
2. An antique desk is wrong.
3. A bright student is short.
4. A difficult task enjoys meeting people.
5. A cross parent is enthusiastic.
6. A keen student is faint.
7. A crazy person is usually well.
8. An unoccupied house is hard.
10. An incorrect answer doesn’t cost anything.
11. A brief message is very hungry.
12. A dim light is one that’s near your house.
13. A warm person is very old.
14. A starving child is mad.
15. A tiny thing is uninteresting.
16. A free ticket is intelligent.
17. A healthy person is friendly.
18. A poisonous mushroom is very, very small.
19. A sociable person is empty.
20. A local shop will make you sick.

TRUE TOYS is an anagram of TEST YOUR.
And BRAVO LUCY A is an anagram of VOCABULARY.

Baby snake: Are we poisonous, Mum?
Mother snake: Yes, we are. Why do you want to know?
Baby snake: Because I’ve just bitten my tongue.
59 Too many words

Replace the words in darker type with one word only from the box.

Accidentally adults century correctly couple electronic escalators escape greedy independent joke lonely neighbours population queue return snacks urgent useless

1 It cost £2 for children to get into the exhibition and £5 for grown-up people.

2 The window was broken by accident.

3 This broken knife is of no use.

4 James translated every word without making any mistakes.

5 The two people who live together in the flat next door have invited us to supper tomorrow.

6 Three prisoners tried to get out of prison at the weekend.

7 Driving a car without a driving licence is against the law.

8 Mexico City has a very high number of people living in it.

9 There are a lot of moving staircases in that department store.

10 We stood in a line of people waiting outside the cinema.

11 They set out at 8.30 and didn’t get back until 11.30 at night.

12 Computers are one of the most important inventions of the last hundred years.

13 She is able to look after herself and enjoys travelling on her own.

14 I’m not hungry. There were lots of little things to eat at the party.

15 Have you heard the funny story about the man who bought a penguin?

16 We’ve got some very friendly people living next door.

17 She is very keen on eating and eats too much.

18 He is always on his own and doesn’t have any friends.

19 This letter is important and has to get there immediately.

20 This car alarm is made using a computer chip.

The word for ten years is a decade. The word for 1,000 years is a millennium. The word for 100 years is … Sorry! It’s up to you to work that one out!
60 Same word, different meaning

In each pair of sentences below, the missing word is the same but its meaning is different. Can you work out what the missing words are?

1. wave — As the president got out of his car, he gave the crowd a big ______. A big ______ carried the surfer all the way back to the beach.

2. ______ — She lives in a ______ right in the centre of Boston. Please keep these photos ______. Pack them at the bottom of your suitcase.

3. ______ — I looked for my glasses for twenty minutes before I found them on my ______. She's got a really important job. She's the ______ of a big bank.

4. ______ — In English, a sentence should always begin with a ______ letter. Is Wellington or Auckland the ______ of New Zealand?

5. ______ — We travelled from London to Glasgow by ______. This is Mr Davies, the new athletics ______.

6. ______ — He had blue eyes and ______ hair. As a child I used to love going to the ______. I really enjoyed going on all the rides.

7. ______ — Our train ______ at 6.30 tomorrow morning. The lawn was covered with ______ from the two trees at the bottom of the garden.

8. ______ — The band's first single became a number one ______ all over the world. Be careful! If you ______ your finger with that hammer, it will really hurt.

9. ______ — Can you give me a ______ to the station? I'm really late for my train. Her office is on the fourteenth floor. Let's take the ______.

10. ______ — He never spends any money. He's so ______. What does this word ______?

11. ______ — Would you like some strawberry ______ on your toast? There was a terrible traffic ______ and it took us an hour to get there.

12. ______ — She shouldn't wear bright pink. It doesn't ______ her. He wore a dark grey ______ to the wedding.

 Lots of silly English jokes are based on pairs of words which are spelt the same but have different meanings. Here are some examples.

Question: Why is a calendar like a palm tree?
Answer: Because they are both full of dates.

Question: Are your eyes ever checked?
Answer: No, they're always plain blue.

A: Have you noticed any change in me?
B: No, why?
A: I've just swallowed some coins.
Answers

Test 1
1 bowl 4
2 bread board 10
3 cloth 7
4 cork screw 11
electric kettle 1
5 frying pan 3
6 jug 6
7 mug 2
8 saucepan 9
test towel 12
tin opener 5
toaster 8

Test 2
1 fantastic
2 terrible
3 strange
4 huge
5 attractive
6 boring
7 rude
8 clever
9 inexpensive
10 unhappy
11 thrilling
12 ugly
13 wealthy
14 furious
15 terrifying

Test 3
1 apple tree 4
2 back door 7
3 balcony 11

Test 4
1 brolly 4
calculator 10
calendar 1
desk 2
diary 14
filling cabinet 9
fountain pen 12
paper 7
pen 3
pencil sharpener 6
rubber 13
ruler 8
scissors 5
stapler 11

Test 5
1 a tube of
2 a jar of
3 a tin of
4 a bunch of
5 a dozen
6 a bottle of
7 a box of
8 a bar of
9 a loaf of
10 a packet of
11 a carton of
12 a pot of
13 a bag of
14 a roll of
15 a tub of

Test 6
1 d
2 a
3 b
4 e
5 f
6 h
7 g
8 c

Test 7
1 alarm clock 4
2 bed 11
3 blanket 3
4 chest of drawers 10
curtains 1
5 drawer 2
6 duvet 9
7 mattress 8
8 mirror 12
9 pillow 6
10 sheet 5
11 wardrobe 7

Test 8
A

Test 8 B
1 father-in-law
2 aunt
3 uncle
4 stepmother
5 son-in-law
6 sister-in-law
7 ex-wife
8 brother-in-law
9 wife
10 cousins
11 grandparents
12 husband
13 daughter-in-law

Test 9
1 architect
2 flight attendant
3 disc jockey
4 carpenter
5 traffic warden
6 plumber
7 accountant
8 librarian
9 mechanic
10 sales rep
11 camerawoman
12 sound engineer
13 presenter
14 journalist
15 tour guide

Test 10
A
1 d boil some water
2 g dial the number
3 a dig a hole
4 f feed the dog
5 e pour the coffee
6 b record a TV programme
7 c rent a video
8 j tear your jeans
9 i tidy the room
10 h water the plants

Test 11
1 copy
2 e-mail
3 program
4 Internet
5 screen
6 printer
7 floppy disk
8 click
9 recharge
10 fax
11 answering machine

Test 12
2a cup and saucer
5g saucepan lid
3b torch batteries
6d paint brush
1d hammer and nail
7f needle and thread
4c hot water bottle top

Test 13
1 decide
2 describe
3 guess
4 repeat
5 thank
6 suggest
7 explain
8 refuse
9 agree
10 discuss
11 promise
12 argue

Test 14
1 made
2 stole
3 saved
4 hid
5 cost
6 earned
7 found
8 counted
9 paid
10 lost

Test 15
1 b) past
2 c) across
3 a) on top of
4 c) along
5 c) over
6 a) through
7 c) out of
8 b) from
9 c) through
10 c) onto
11 a) towards
12 c) round

Test 16
art gallery 2
department store 5
factory 11
market 6
pavement 4
pedestrian crossing 9
roundabout 12
sea front 1
shopping mall 3
tourist information 8
town hall 10
underground station 7

Test 17
armchair 4
blind 1
cushion 8
fireplace 11
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<th>Test 25</th>
<th>Test 26</th>
<th>Test 28</th>
<th>Test 29</th>
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<td><strong>B</strong></td>
<td><strong>A</strong></td>
<td><strong>A</strong></td>
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<td>1 salad</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 j</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 tennis court</td>
<td>ant 6</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2 e</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2 baseball pitch</td>
<td>butterfly 8</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>4 i</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>5</td>
<td>5 d</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5 motor-racing circuit</td>
<td>deer 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 candy</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6 h</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6 ice-skating rink</td>
<td>dolphin 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 sweets</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7 a</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7 swimming pool</td>
<td>eagle 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 nuts</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8 g</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8 golf course</td>
<td>fox 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 chocolate</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9 f</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9 basketball court</td>
<td>Garden creatures (not insects)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 rice</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10 b</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10 boxing ring</td>
<td>snail 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 steak</td>
<td></td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 soft</td>
<td></td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 lolly</td>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
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<td>26 prawns</td>
<td></td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 beef</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Down</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>B</strong></td>
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Test 31
Across
1 album
6 orchestra
7 rap
9 song
11 keyboard
14 Western

Down
2 band
3 microphone
4 voice
5 hit
8 beat
9 single
10 gig
12 drums
13 tune

Test 32
1 a)
2 j)
3 g)
4 i)
5 i)
6 b)
7 e)
8 f)
9 a)
10 d)

Test 33
A
1 j)
2 g)
3 b)
4 a)
5 c)
6 h)
7 f)
8 e)
9 d)
10 i)

B
1 add two and two
2 miss the train
3 wear rubber gloves
4 practise the piano
5 hang a picture
6 tie some string

Test 34
1 plastic
2 woollen
3 baggy
4 tight
5 checked
6 striped
7 spotted
8 patterned
9 torn
10 rubber
11 leather
12 cotton
13 metal
14 silver
15 heavy
16 grey

Test 35
beans 4
carrot 6
cucumber 7
grapes 9
leeks 11
lemon 14
lettuce 10
mushrooms 1
pear 5
peas 3
pineapple 2
raspberries 13
strawberries 8
watermelon 12

Test 36
1 in
2 down
3 up
4 up
5 out
6 on
7 up
8 out
9 out
10 off
11 up
12 in
13 away

Test 37
art exhibition 7
barbecue 6
birthday party 3
boat trip 5
carnival 11
circus 9
funfair 1
fireworks 12
go-karting 8
magic show 4
musical 10
rollercoaster 2

Test 38
Across
3 trip
5 opera
7 Valentine
8 festival
11 sighting
13 prize
14 ride
15 picnic
16 lottery

Down
1 joke
2 halloween
3 trick
4 play
6 anniversary
9 park
10 wedding
11 seaside
12 hobby

Test 39
beach hut 2
block of flats 7
caravan 9
castle 11
cave 10
cottage 8
hotel 6
house 4
houseboat 3
palace 12
prison 5

tent 1

Test 40
1 thief
2 patient
3 pupil
4 reader
5 employer
6 customer
7 parent
8 model
9 director
10 bride
11 rider
12 owner

Test 41
1 d)
2 b)
3 e)
4 f)
5 a)
6 h)
7 c)
8 g)

Test 42
1 a) for
2 b) by
3 c) to
4 b) between
5 b) since
6 c) in
7 a) on
8 a) of
9 c) in
10 c) with
11 b) in
12 c) with

Test 43
A
circle 5
cube 4
parallel lines 8
pyramid 2
rectangle 7
right angle 1
equilateral 9
square 3
triangle 6

B
1 plus
2 minus
3 divided by
4 times
5 Half
6 A quarter
7 A third
8 An eighth
9 equals
10 per cent
11 Point
12 nought

Test 44
desk lamp 8
drill 3
electric razor 13
fan 10
hair drier 7
heater 1
iron 4
light bulb 6
plug 11
sewing machine 6
switch 14

tumble drier 15
vacuum cleaner 2
washing machine 12
wire 9

Test 45
1 takes
2 seems
3 exist
4 turns
5 matter
6 means
7 suits
8 belongs
9 tastes
10 happens
11 depends
12 sounds
13 becomes
14 disappears
15 fit

Test 46
1 reach
2 flew
3 hurry
4 cycling
5 returned
6 jogging
7 landed

Test 47
candy 1
truck 2
fries 3
eraser 4
fall 5
cookies 6
gas station 7
movie theater 8
purse 9
store 10

Test 48
1 Eagle Mountains
2 Wakanuki Cave
3 The Coast Path
4 corn field
5 Raccoona Farm
6 The Rawks Hills
7 Marooonu Lake
8 wildlife reserve
9 The South Coast
10 The Pacific Ocean
11 The Old Fishing Port
12 Kuzuru rainforest
13 Table Rock
14 The Standing Stones
15 Blue Water Stream
16 Snake Valley

Test 49
Across
2 mask
3 train
5 racket
7 crash
8 goal
9 net
12 pass
15 fan
17 overtake
18 love
Down
1 kick
2 match
4 race
6 coach
8 goggles
10 team
11 helmet
13 score
14 draw
16 nil
Test 50
advertisment 12
cartoon 6
documentary 10
horror film 4
interview 8
love story 2
musical 7
news 9
science fiction film 3
thriller 11
weather forecast 5
Test 51
1 weak
2 mean
3 boring
4 complicated
5 lazy
6 careless
7 shallow
8 noisy
9 depressed
10 attractive
11 untidy
12 ordinary
13 old-fashioned
14 calm
15 sensible
Test 52
1 a) allow
2 a) thick
3 b) stung
4 a) unless
5 a) precious
6 b) foreign
7 a) upset
8 c) standing
9 a) fewer
10 b) spicy
11 c) lucky
12 b) full
Test 53
1 food
2 forecast
3 clock
4 toy
5 lenses
6 licence
7 water
8 hall
9 store
Test 54
1 Press
2 pointed
3 shake
4 pull
5 shave
6 prepare
7 held
8 lift
9 put
10 delivers
11 touch
12 shoot
13 fought
14 knocked
15 waved
16 collected
17 cover
18 clear
19 joined
20 type
Test 55
1 trouble
2 accident
3 shape
4 result
5 war
6 crime
7 opinion
8 silence
9 peace
10 memory
11 reason
12 fact
13 speed
14 height
15 group
16 adventure
17 description
18 religion
19 rest
20 purpose
21 permission
22 rule
23 illness
24 secret
25 course
-ment
-ness
-ence
-ity
Test 56
Across
1 fresh
3 final
6 honest
8 useful
9 glad
11 pleased
13 pale
14 single
16 general
17 main
Down
1 flat
2 smooth
4 natural
5 real
7 sharp
9 grateful
10 plain
11 private
12 special
15 shiny
Test 57
1 bread
2 please
3 elbow
4 peach
5 death
6 earth
7 sore
8 night
9 garden
10 wrong
11 dial
12 design
13 names
14 shore
15 centre
Test 58
1 is impolite
2 is very old
3 is intelligent
4 is hard
5 is angry
6 is enthusiastic
7 is mad
8 is empty
9 is uninteresting
10 is wrong
11 is short
12 is faint
13 is friendly
14 is very hungry
15 is very, very small
16 doesn't cost anything
17 is usually well
18 will make you sick
19 enjoys meeting people
20 is one that's near your house
Test 59
1 adults
2 accidentally
3 useless
4 correctly
5 couple
6 escape
Test 60
1 wave
2 flat
3 head
4 capital
5 coach
6 fair
7 leaves
8 hit
9 lift
10 mean
11 jam
12 suit
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